# 2021

### **KAAP®AGRI**

# Condensed consolidated interim financial statements





### Salient features

+15,6% 5 665 998

**REVENUE (R'000)** (2020: 4 899 956)

+24,0% 299,96

HEADLINE EARNINGS PER SHARE (CENTS) (2020: 241,83) +23,3% 305,34

RECURRING HEADLINE EARNINGS PER SHARE (CENTS) (2020: 247,65)

40,00

INTERIM DIVIDEND PER SHARE (CENTS) (2020: 0,0)

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### **Commentary**

The Group specialises in trading in agricultural, fuel and related retail markets in Southern Africa. With its strategic footprint, infrastructure, facilities and client network, it follows a differentiated market approach. In support of the core retail business, the Group also offers financial, grain handling and agency services. Kaap Agri has 218 operating points located in eight South African provinces, as well as in Namibia.

#### **OPERATING ENVIRONMENT**

The first six months of the financial year generated higher than expected growth in retail categories as well as a strong contribution from the new retail fuel sites of The Fuel Company ("TFC") in terms of convenience sales. Agri-channel performance was stable and increased during the second quarter driven by packaging material sales. Business and consumer confidence remained subdued and inflation was at low levels.

We continue to experience the positive impact of the 2020/21 wheat season and conditions for the upcoming wheat season look encouraging, although always weather dependent. Fruit and vegetable production has been largely positive, but significant expansions and infrastructural spend have slowed, partly due to COVID-19-related cash flow curtailment as well as ongoing concerns around land policies, with the main agri focus being on replacement infrastructure spend. The fuel industry has experienced significant fuel volume pressures throughout the various COVID-19 lockdown levels.

### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

Kaap Agri grew revenue by 15,6% to R5,7 billion, up from R4,9 billion in the previous comparable financial period, with like-for-like comparable sales growth of 1,6%. This growth in revenue was driven by an 8,6% increase in the number of transactions. Product inflation, excluding the impact of fuel inflation, is estimated at 2,2%. Our ongoing diversification strategy and resilience continue to yield strong revenue growth despite tough trading conditions.

Revenue growth from the Trade division accounted for 47,9% of total revenue growth, driven by a 15,4% increase in retail trade and

a 6,7% increase in agri-business. Group fuel volumes increased by 11,9%, of which TFC owned and managed sites have grown fuel volumes by 8,3%. Fuel site convenience and quick-service restaurant performance lagged fuel volume growth in like-for-like sites due to COVID-19-related restrictions. Grain trading benefited from an improved wheat harvest and earlier grain trading income. The Group continues to explore earnings-enhancing agri and retail expansion opportunities in line with its growth strategy. Significant distribution centre throughput growth was achieved during the period.

Gross profit increased by 17,9% and above revenue growth due to the larger growth contribution of higher margin retail categories. Return on revenue has increased to 3,9% from 3,6% in the previous interim period.

Cost control remains a management focus area, especially given tighter trading margins and the pressure on revenue. During the period under review operating expenses grew by 13,6% (3,9% like-for-like, excluding non-comparable incentive provisions) with support services and distribution centre cost to serve as a percentage of gross profit reducing.

Interest received reduced by 33,0% due to lower interest rates and lower interest earned on overdue debtors' accounts due to improved collections and a healthier book. Interest paid reduced by 25,0%, a direct result of lower net interest-bearing debt and lower interest rates.

EBITDA grew by 13,9%, reflecting the impact of lower interest received.

Headline earnings grew by 26,1% while recurring headline earnings grew by 25,0%. Once-off items, predominantly adjustments for the interest and remeasurement of

### Commentary (continued)

liabilities relating to put options exercisable by non-controlling subsidiary shareholders, as well as costs associated with new business development, are excluded from headline earnings to calculate recurring headline earnings. Headline earnings per share increased by 24,0% to 299,96 cents per share, while recurring headline earnings per share grew by 23,3% to 305,34 cents per share.

The impact of the COVID-19 lockdown on the prior period interim results is minimal given that only three and a half days of trading were impacted, and this effect was partially offset by pre-lockdown increased sales.

#### **OPERATING RESULTS**

Income from the Trade division, which includes the Agrimark retail branches, Forge Agri, Forge Build, Agrimark Packaging distribution centres and Agrimark Mechanisation services and spare parts, increased by 12,5%, with operating profit before tax increasing by 31,3%.

Retail Fuel & Convenience income grew by 11,7% and operating profit before tax increased by 45,2%. This segment has been the most impacted by COVID-19 due to various travel restrictions and curfew regulations, resulting in lower footfall. Contributing to the growth was the inclusion of non-like-for-like sites. Of the four managed fuel sites at March 2020, all four converted to owned sites, and an additional two new owned sites were added.

Grain Services, which includes grain handling and storage of grain and related products, seed processing and potato seed marketing, grew revenue by 38,5% and operating profit before tax by 19,3%. The improved performance, due to the increased wheat harvest and earlier grain trading income, has resulted in a heavy weighting of full-year profitability in the first six months of the year. This performance will not re-occur in the second six months.

Manufacturing produces dripline, sprinkler irrigation products and plastic bulk bins for the agricultural market, as well as offering agency services for imported irrigation products. Irrigation-related revenue was impacted by the curtailment of infrastructure spent due to COVID-19 uncertainty. Bulk bin revenue from

Tego has improved but has not yet reached the desired levels. Manufacturing income grew by 19,9%, with operating profit before tax increasing by 45,4%.

The Corporate division cost, which includes the cost of support services and other costs not allocated to specific segments, increased by 29,3%, largely due to incentive provisions resulting from the strong earnings performance.

Treasury income, which represents net internal interest received less external interest paid, reduced by 50,3%.

#### **FINANCIAL POSITION**

Capital spend during the period was limited to essential capital and retail fuel site acquisitions where regulatory approval was received. Capital spend of R52,8 million was incurred and all managed retail fuel sites have now converted to owned sites with full payment made.

The drive to effectively manage working capital has delivered positive results. Trade debtors grew by only 3,2%, aided by a 14,2% reduction in out-of-terms debt year-on-year. Securities are held where appropriate and we believe the Group is suitably provided for when considering the health of the debtors' book. Stock value has grown at a slower rate than revenue due to the impact of higher contributions of quicker moving retail and fuel stock and the continued increased participation of our centralised distribution centre. Creditors' days have increased, partly the effect of timing of certain direct transaction payments.

Return on invested capital has improved yearon-year due to strong returns and lower net interest-bearing debt.

Net interest-bearing debt decreased by 19,3% to R1,5 billion, largely the result of reduced capital expenditure, lower working capital levels, reduced dividends paid and strong cash generation. The Group's debt-to-equity ratio, calculated on average balances, decreased to 63,0% (2020: 77,1%) with interest cover of 8,2 times (2020: 5,6 times). Gearing has improved in line with expectation, with sufficient headroom available to fund identified growth opportunities.

### **Commentary (continued)**

Group cash generation remains strong with a focus on driving returns on capital previously invested in the business. As previously mentioned, opportunities are being pursued to free up underperforming capital specifically related to properties owned in the retail fuel environment. A number of other growth opportunities are in various stages of assessment.

#### DIVIDEND

A gross interim dividend of 40,00 cents per share (2020: nil cents per share) has been approved and declared by the Board from income reserves for the six months ended 31 March 2021. The interim dividend amount, net of South African dividends tax of 20%, is 32,00 cents per share for those shareholders not exempt from dividend tax or who are not entitled to a reduced rate in terms of the applicable double tax agreement.

The salient dates for this dividend distribution are:

Declaration date	Thursday, 6 May 2021
Last day to trade cum dividend	Tuesday, 8 June 2021
Trading ex dividend commences	Wednesday, 9 June 2021
Record date to qualify for dividend	Friday, 11 June 2021
Date of payment	Monday, 14 June 2021

The number of ordinary shares in issue at declaration date is 74 170 277 and the income tax number of Kaap Agri is 9312717177.

Share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Wednesday, 9 June 2021 and Friday, 11 June 2021, both days inclusive.

### **OUTLOOK**

Consumer confidence, although low, has seen an improvement in the past few months. Retail sales have rebounded, especially building materials, and general agricultural conditions in the areas we operate in bode well for the second half of the financial year. Retail fuel sales have improved as COVID-19-related restrictions eased. Fuel price inflation will weigh on trading margins. No new retail fuel sites are planned for the remainder of the financial year. As a result of COVID-19, the business has adapted the way in which we interact with customers to ensure we continue to provide a relevant and sustainable offering in a responsible manner. We remain cautious regarding the potential impact of further COVID-19 infection cycles.

As in previous years, the first six months' earnings will contribute more to full-year earnings than the second six months. Management is positive regarding the performance of the business during the coming six-month period and remains committed to achieving our strategic medium-term growth targets.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

In line with the Group's growth strategy, one of the Group subsidiaries, Partridge Building Supplies (Pty) Ltd ("Forge"), has acquired a business trading as Farmsave, an agricultural inputs and building materials supplier operating in the central to Northern KwaZulu-Natal area. This acquisition increases our footprint in KwaZulu-Natal in line with our footprint growth strategic initiative and allows us a strong entry point into the new generation agri-farmer sector in that area.

There have been no further events that may have a material effect on the Group that occurred after the end of the reporting period and up to the date of approval of the interim financial results by the Board.

On behalf of the Board

Cay Styn

**GM Steyn** Chairman

6 May 2021

S.

S Walsh

Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")

# Consolidated statement of financial position

N	otes	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
ASSETS				
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use-assets Intangible assets Investment in joint venture Financial assets at fair value through other	5 6 7 8	1 513 667 242 379 511 019 33 755	1 392 385 211 590 362 188 8 446	1 525 678 236 302 471 012 6 542
comprehensive income Trade and other receivables Loans Deferred taxation	9	5 580 49 677 35 805	5 580 47 807 57 499	5 580 43 039 54 764 2 772
		2 391 882	2 085 495	2 345 689
Current assets Inventory Trade and other receivables Derivative financial instruments Short-term portion of loans Cash and cash equivalents	9	1 056 084 1 843 429 - - 47 079	961 551 1 891 265 3 052 - 30 255	1 104 191 1 782 355 1 385 5 026 34 817
		2 946 592	2 886 123	2 927 774
Total assets		5 338 474	4 971 618	5 273 463
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Capital and reserves Equity attributable to shareholders of holding company Non-controlling interest		2 207 784 105 729	1 921 468 98 054	2 028 158 98 545
Total equity		2 313 513	2 019 522	2 126 703
Non-current liabilities Deferred taxation Financial liability at fair value through profit or loss Financial liability at amortised cost Lease liabilities Instalment sale agreements Employee benefit obligations Borrowings	10 11 6	115 195 79 700 14 573 222 480 68 776 15 160 350 000 865 884	77 897 81 100 13 750 167 677 89 228 15 484	100 271 76 600 14 213 220 642 79 975 15 380 418 750
Current liabilities		003 004	443 130	923 631
Trade and other payables Derivative financial instruments Short-term portion of lease liabilities Short-term portion of instalment sale agreements Short-term portion of employee benefit	12 6	1 002 199 6 949 20 882 30 808	765 421 - 31 973 31 651	1 330 472 - 14 499 32 371
obligations Short-term borrowings Income tax	13	2 135 1 068 819 27 285 2 159 077	2 196 1 646 576 29 143 2 506 960	2 223 830 039 11 325 2 220 929
Total liabilities		3 024 961	2 952 096	3 146 760
Total equity and liabilities		5 338 474	4 971 618	5 273 463
Total shareholders' equity to Total assets employed* (%) Net interest-bearing debt to Total assets employed* (%) Net asset value per share (R) Shares issued (number – '000)		41,8 26,4 31,41 70 281	40,4 31,2 27,34 70 281	40,3 26,2 28,86 70 281
Total number of ordinary shares in issue** Treasury shares		74 170 (3 889)	74 170 (3 889)	74 170 (3 889)

<sup>\*</sup> Ratios calculated on average balances.

<sup>\*\*</sup> There was no change in the issued share capital between 31 March 2021 and the dividend declaration date, being 74 170 277 shares.

### **Consolidated income statement**

Notes	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Restated Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
Revenue 14	5 665 998	4 899 956	8 574 668
Cost of sales	(4 834 323)	(4 194 527)	(7 263 775)
Gross profit Operating expenses	831 675	705 429	1 310 893
	(527 289)	(464 062)	(926 305)
Operating profit before interest received	304 386	241 367	384 588
Interest received	45 460	67 820	123 848
Operating profit Finance costs Share in profit/(loss) of joint venture	349 846	309 187	508 436
	(50 745)	(67 686)	(124 563)
	2 213	(455)	(2 359)
Profit before tax	301 314	241 046	381 514
Income tax	(83 058)	(67 887)	(102 336)
Profit for the period	218 256	173 159	279 178
Attributable to equity holders of the holding company	211 072	170 191	275 081
Non-controlling interest	7 184	2 968	4 097
Earnings per share – basic (cents)	300,39	242,21	391,49
Earnings per share – diluted (cents)	299,25	240,17	391,49
Dividend per share (cents)	40,00	_	50,00

### Headline earnings reconciliation

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
Profit for the period	218 256	173 159	279 178
Attributable to equity holders of the holding company Non-controlling interest	211 072 7 184	170 191 2 968	275 081 4 097
Net profit on disposal of assets	(302)	(266)	(2 069)
Gross Tax effect	(420) 118	(369) 103	(2 874) 805
Headline earnings	217 954	172 893	277 109
Attributable to equity holders of the holding company Non-controlling interest	210 770 7 184	169 925 2 968	273 012 4 097
Headline earnings per share – basic (cents)	299,96	241,83	388,54
Headline earnings per share – diluted (cents)	298,82	239,79	388,54
Weighted average number of shares (number – '000)	70 266	70 266	70 266
Weighted average number of diluted shares (number – '000)	70 533	70 863	70 266

# Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
Profit for the period	218 256	173 159	279 178
Other comprehensive income/(loss):			
Cash flow hedges	-	-	(1 340)
Gross	-	-	(1861)
Tax	-	-	521
Total comprehensive income for the period	218 256	173 159	277 838
Attributable to equity holders of the			
holding company	211 072	170 191	273 741
Non-controlling interest	7 184	2 968	4 097

# Consolidated statement of changes in equity

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
Stated capital	446 571	447 409	446 571
Gross shares issued Treasury shares	480 347 (33 776)	480 347 (32 938)	480 347 (33 776)
Other reserves	13 806	8 803	10 112
Opening balance Share-based payments Other comprehensive income	10 112 3 694	9 797 (994) -	9 797 1 655 (1 340)
Retained profit	1 747 407	1 465 256	1 571 475
Opening balance Initial recognition of IFRS 16* Day one IFRS 16 right-of-use asset impairment* Profit for the period Dividends paid	1 571 475 - - 211 072 (35 140)	1 371 364 (9 986) (3 064) 170 191 (63 249)	,
Equity attributable to shareholders of the holding company Non-controlling interest Opening balance	2 207 784 105 729 98 545	1 921 468 98 054 100 186	2 028 158 98 545 100 186
Initial recognition of IFRS 16 Profit for the period Dividends paid	7 184 -	2 968 (5 100)	(638) 4 097 (5 100)
Capital and reserves	2 313 513	2 019 522	2 126 703

<sup>\*</sup> The initial recognition of IFRS 16 was incorrectly disclosed in the interim financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2021. Subsequently, it was correctly disclosed and treated in the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2020. Refer to note 6 for more information.

# Consolidated statement of cash flows

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
Cash flow from operating activities	473	(191 561)	494 477
Net cash profit from operating activities Interest received Working capital changes Income tax paid	371 212 45 460 (357 248) (58 951)	267 075 66 821 (482 520) (42 937)	,
Cash flow from investment activities	(43 357)	(109 837)	(310 892)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and	(23 596)	(61 957)	(138 845)
equipment Deposits made during the year Gross increase in loans Acquisition of operations	9 475 - - (29 236)	5 728 (48 694) (3 640) (1 274)	(5 931)
Cash flow from financing activities	55 146	285 284	(195 137)
Increase/(decrease) in short-term borrowings Increase/(decrease) in long-term borrowings Repayment of instalment sale agreements Lease payments Interest paid Dividends paid	182 530 (12 500) (15 926) (13 073) (50 745) (35 140)	422 129 - (6 315) (8 114) (59 167) (63 249)	(11 149)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	12 262 34 817	(16 114) 46 369	(11 552) 46 369
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	47 079	30 255	34 817

#### 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements has been prepared and presented in accordance with the framework concepts and the measurement and recognition requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants ("SAICA") Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee, the financial pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council, the Listings Requirements of the JSE Limited ("the JSE"), the information as required by International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting and the requirements of the South African Companies Act, 71 of 2008, as amended. The consolidated interim financial information has been prepared using accounting policies that comply with IFRS, which are consistent with those applied in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2020.

The directors take full responsibility for the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and that the financial information has been correctly extracted from the underlying financial records.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended 31 March 2021 were prepared by GC Victor CA(SA), the Group's Financial Manager under supervision of GW Sim CA(SA), the Group's Financial Director ("FD").

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements has not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditors.

#### IFRS and amendments effective for the first time

Amendment to IFRS 3 – Business Combinations on the definition of a business (effective from 1 January 2020)

This amendment revises the definition of a business. According to feedback received by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), application of the current guidance is commonly thought to be too complex, and it results in too many transactions qualifying as business combinations. More acquisitions are likely to be accounted for as asset acquisitions. To be considered a business, an acquisition would have to include an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The new guidance provides a framework to evaluate when an input and a substantive process are present (including for early stage companies that have not generated outputs). To be a business without outputs, there will now need to be an organised workforce.

Amendment to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors on the definition of material (effective from 1 January 2020)

These amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 and consequential amendments to other IFRSs:

- > Use a consistent definition of materiality through IFRSs and the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting
- > Clarify the explanation of the definition of material
- > Incorporate some of the guidance in IAS 1 about immaterial information

The amended definition is: "Information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity."

### 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IFRS 16 – Leases COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions Amendment (effective from 1 June 2020)

The IASB has provided lessees (but not lessors) with relief in the form of an optional exemption from assessing whether a rent concession related to COVID-19 is a lease modification, provided that the concession meets certain conditions. Lessees can elect to account for qualifying rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. In many cases, this will result in accounting for the concession as a variable lease payment.

### IFRS interpretations and amendments issued but not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (the effective dates stated below refer to financial reporting periods beginning on or after the stated dates):

Amendment to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements on Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (effective from 1 January 2022)

The amendment clarifies that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date (for example, the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant).

Amendment to IFRS 3 - Business Combinations (effective from 1 January 2022)

The Board has updated IFRS 3 – Business Combinations, to refer to the 2018 Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting, in order to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability in a business combination. In addition, the Board added a new exception in IFRS 3 for liabilities and contingent liabilities. The exception specifies that, for some types of liabilities and contingent liabilities, an entity applying IFRS 3 should instead refer to IAS 37 – Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, or IFRIC 21 – Levies, rather than the 2018 Conceptual Framework. The Board has also clarified that the acquirer should not recognise contingent assets, as defined in IAS 37, at the acquisition date.

Amendments to IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment on Proceeds before Intended Use (effective from 1 January 2022)

The amendment to IAS 16 prohibits an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use (for example, the proceeds from selling samples produced when testing a machine to see if it is functioning properly). The proceeds from selling such items, together with the costs of producing them, are recognised in profit or loss.

Annual improvements cycle 2018 – 2020 (effective from 1 January 2022)

These amendments include minor changes to:

- > IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of IFRS has been amended for a subsidiary that becomes a first-time adopter after its parent. The subsidiary may elect to measure cumulative translation differences for foreign operations using the amounts reported by the parent at the date of the parent's transition to IFRS.
- > IFRS 9 Financial Instruments has been amended to include only those costs or fees paid between the borrower and the lender in the calculation of "the 10% test" for derecognition of a financial liability. Fees paid to third parties are excluded from this calculation.
- IFRS 16 Leases, amendment to the Illustrative Example 13 that accompanies IFRS 16 to remove the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements. The amendment intends to remove any potential confusion about the treatment of lease incentives.

Management considered all new accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to IFRS that were issued prior to 31 March 2021 but not yet effective on that dates.

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#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the Group financial statements from which the condensed Group financial statements were derived, are in terms of IFRS and are consistent with those accounting policies applied in the preparation of the previous Group annual financial statements except the instances listed below.

#### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the significant estimates and judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the Group annual financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2020.

#### 4 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Financial instruments measured at fair value, are disclosed by level of the following fair value hierarchy:

- > Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- > Level 2 Inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices)
- > Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The investment in Signafi Capital (Pty) Ltd is a level 3 financial instrument as the shares are not listed and unobservable. The financial liability at fair value through profit and loss comprising the redemption obligation for a written put option is recorded at fair value.

Level 2 hedging derivatives comprise forward purchase and sale contracts and options. The effects of discounting are generally insignificant for level 2 derivatives.

The fair value of the following financial instruments approximate their carrying amount at the reporting date:

- > Trade and other receivables
- > Trade and other payables
- > Financial liability at fair value through profit or loss
- > Short-term borrowings
- > Loans

		Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
F	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Reconciliation of movements in arrying value:			
	Carrying value beginning of period Additions	1 525 678 28 379	1 375 392 62 638	1 375 392 148 227
	Land and buildings Grain silos Machinery and equipment Vehicles	2 611 535 2 957 3 394	5 941 370 4 940 3 239	34 503 369 29 132 10 228
	Office furniture and equipment Leasehold properties Assets under construction	1 940 - 16 942	1 265 173 46 710	9 047 408 64 540
	additions through business combinations Disposals Depreciation Reclassification to right-of-use asset	536 (9 055) (31 871) -	19 607 (3 660) (32 077) (29 515)	(59 372)
-	Carrying value end of period	1 513 667	1 392 385	1 525 678
	Land and buildings Grain silos Machinery and equipment Vehicles Office furniture and equipment Assets under construction	1 117 961 23 932 211 615 38 728 103 046 18 385	979 466 26 064 194 329 43 658 103 021 45 847	1 092 958 24 737 211 564 44 328 103 315 48 776
v a C	Yehicles include the following amounts Where the Group has instalment sale greements: Cost Accumulated depreciation	72 665 (36 487)	62 111 (26 749)	66 250 (30 173)
-	Carrying value	36 178	35 362	36 077
fo	Machinery and equipment include the ollowing amounts where the Group has enstalment sale agreements:			
	Cost Accumulated depreciation	107 548 (4 431)	91 605	107 548 (1 552)
_	Carrying value	103 117	91 605	105 996
_		100 117	31 000	100 000

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITY			
Right-of-use assets			
Reconciliation of movements in carrying value:			
Carrying value beginning of period	236 302	_	_
Initial recognition of IFRS 16*	_	146 337	166 395
Additions	24 346	44 493	60 051
Leasehold improvements reclassified			
to right-of-use assets	-	29 515	31 357
Modification of lease contracts	(3 052)	-	3 487
Cancellations of lease contracts	-	-	(848)
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	(15 217)	(8 755)	(24 140)
Carrying value end of period	242 379	211 590	236 302
Land and buildings	240 330	211 590	235 095
Vehicles	2 049	-	1 207
Lease liabilities			
Current	20 882	31 973	14 499
Non-current	222 480	167 677	220 642
	243 362	199 650	235 141

<sup>\*</sup> The reconciliation was incorrectly disclosed in the prior year unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2020. The variance is due to a change in interpretation in applying the extension periods of lease payment values. The updated discounted cash flows indicated that no impairment of the right-of-use assets were required. The incorrect transition method was also mentioned in the previous interim financial statements, but correctly applied namely that right-of-use assets were measured fully retrospectively as if IFRS 16 has always been applied. Refer to the full integrated report for the year ended 30 September 2020 for more information.

		Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
7	INTANGIBLE ASSETS  Reconciliation of movements in carrying value:  Carrying value beginning of period	471 012	298 169	298 169
	Additions through business combinations Amortisation	40 637 (630)	64 695 (676)	174 196 (1 353)
	Carrying value end of period	511 019	362 188	471 012
	Goodwill Trade name Customer relations	496 169 12 350 2 500	346 032 12 610 3 546	455 532 12 480 3 000
	No impairment indicators were identified by management, thus no impairment of goodwill occurred during this period.			
8	INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE			
	Kaap Agri (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd			
	Beginning of period	6 542	8 901	8 901
	Loan converted to share capital  Share in total comprehensive income	25 000 2 213	(455)	(2 359)
	•	33 755	8 446	6 542

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Trade debtors	1 886 136	1 827 003	1 769 806
Expected credit loss allowance	(52 187)	(47 948)	(50 631)
	1 833 949	1 779 055	1 719 175
VAT	13 789	31 928	34 780
Deposits	-	75 613	4 500
Other debtors	45 368	52 476	66 939
	1 893 106	1 939 072	1 825 394
Trade and other receivables – current	1 843 429	1 891 265	1 782 355
Trade and other receivables – non-current	49 677	47 807	43 039
	1 893 106	1 939 072	1 825 394

Included in the non-current portion of trade and other receivables are long term facilities granted to producers to assist in capital expansion related to the establishment and/ or expansion of production. The nature of these accounts are the same as normal trade debtors. These facilities vary in duration between two and five years, are suitably secured and bear interest in line with the policies regarding interest for all trade receivables and are considered to be market related.

Deposits are early payments made on Retail Fuel & Convenience site acquisitions awaiting regulatory approval.

		Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
10	FINANCIAL LIABILITY AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS			
	Written Put Option			
	C-Max Investments (Pty) Ltd			
	Opening balance	(76 600)	(79 100)	(79 100)
	Remeasurement through profit or loss	(3 100)	(2 000)	2 500
		(79 700)	(81 100)	(76 600)

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### 10 FINANCIAL LIABILITY AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

As part of the asset-for-share transaction, the Group entered into a once-off written put agreement, which became effective during the previous years, whereby C-Max Investments (Pty) Ltd may put their 23,5% shareholding in both TFC Operations (Pty) Ltd and TFC Properties (Pty) Ltd ("the TFC Companies") to Kaap Agri Bedryf Limited. This option shall not apply in the event that any of the TFC Companies are listed on the JSE. The put option is not exercisable prior to the end of the financial year ending 30 September 2021.

The value of the put option is based on the lower of the market value of TFC Operations (Pty) Ltd (which has been calculated with reference to the enterprise value to EBITDA ("EV/EBITDA") multiple of comparable listed companies, adjusted for company-specific risk) and a value determined based on a recurring headline earnings multiple of the Kaap Agri Group (which has been performed by applying the current price to recurring headline earnings ("Price/RHEPS") multiple of Kaap Agri, to the forecasted profit after tax). For the six-month period a revaluation was done and only the discount rate was updated to reflect the current prime rate and the discounted period.

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
		31 March		30 September
		2021	2020	2020
		R'000	R'000	R'000
11	FINANCIAL LIABILITY AT AMORTISED COST			
	Written Put Option			
	Partridge Building Supplies (Pty) Ltd			
	Opening balance	(14 213)	(14 800)	(14 800)
	Interest	(497)	(666)	(1 332)
	Remeasurement through profit or loss	137	1716	1919
		(14 573)	(13 750)	(14 213)

Through the acquisition of the 60% shareholding in Partridge Building Supplies (Pty) Ltd in the previous periods, the Group entered into a once-off written put agreement over the remaining 40% interest in the aforementioned company. The option is exercisable after the finalisation of the financial Statements for the year ending 30 September 2021 and the consideration on exercise will be determined based on the growth ratio (determined as the actual/forecasted EBITDA divided by the targeted EBITDA over the period determined), net debt value and EBITDA figures of Partridge Building Supplies (Pty) Ltd at that time. The exercise price is formula based. For the current six-month period a valuation was done by updating the growth ratio and discounted period.

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
Trade creditors	874 624	683 006	1 218 752
Employee accruals	45 929	23 912	46 740
Other creditors	81 646	58 503	64 980
	1 002 199	765 421	1 330 472
BORROWINGS			
Long-term bank borrowings	350 000	-	418 750
Borrowings	437 500	-	450 000
Short-term portion of long-term bank borrowings	(87 500)	-	(31 250)
Short-term bank borrowings	1 068 819	1 646 576	830 039
Overdraft facility	981 319	1 646 576	798 789
Short-term portion of long-term bank borrowings	87 500	_	31 250
REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS			
WITH CUSTOMERS			
Sale of goods	5 522 242	4 778 452	8 362 714
– Trade	3 224 045	2 864 774	5 091 062
- Retail Fuel & Convenience	1 429 263	1 279 678	2 317 237
– Grain Services	767 879	549 692	759 681
– Manufacturing	101 055	84 308	194 734
Sale of services	85 622	70 081	109 593
- Trade	16 041	14 456	32 321
– Grain Services	69 581	55 625	77 272
Margin on direct transactions	58 134	51 423	102 361
- Trade	56 874	50 991	100 788
– Grain Services	1 260	432	1 573
Total	5 665 998	4 899 956	8 574 668

### 15 INFORMATION ABOUT OPERATING SEGMENTS

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Executive committee (which is considered to be the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM")) that are used to make strategic decisions. The Executive committee considers the business from a divisional perspective. The performance of the following divisions are separately considered: Trade, Retail Fuel & Convenience, Grain Services as well as Manufacturing. The performance of the operating segments is assessed based on a measure of revenue and net profit before taxation.

Trade provides a complete range of production inputs, mechanisation equipment and services, and other goods to agricultural producers as well as the general public.

Retail Fuel & Convenience provides a full retail fuel offering to a diverse range of customers, including convenience store and quick-service restaurant outlets.

Grain Services includes the sale of grain products and provides a complete range of services including storage and handling of grain products.

Manufacturing, manufactures and sells dripper pipe, other irrigation equipment, food grade plastic bulk bins for the agricultural market and distributes other irrigation parts.

Corporate includes all assets and liabilities not specifically used by the other identified segments to generate income or expenses.

### Segment revenue and results

	SEGMENT REVENUE			SEGMENT RESULTS			
	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 Sept 2020 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 Sept 2020 R'000	
Trade	3 296 960	2 930 221	5 312 682	223 682	170 320	287 475	
Retail Fuel & Convenience Grain Services Manufacturing	1 429 263 838 720 101 055	1 279 678 605 749 84 308	2 309 904 759 681 192 401	74 894 52 190 1 790	51 593 43 737 1 231	88 330 56 466 14 402	
	101 055	04 300	132 401	1750	1 2 3 1		
Total for reportable segments	5 665 998	4 899 956	8 574 668	352 556	266 881	446 673	
Corporate	-		-	(66 335)	(51 316)	(109 723)	
Treasury	-	-	-	12 880	25 936	46 923	
Share in profit/(loss) of joint venture	-	-	-	2 213	(455)	(2 359)	
Total external revenue	5 665 998	4 899 956	8 574 668				
Profit before tax				301 314	241 046	381 514	
Income tax				(83 058)	(67 887)	(102 336)	
Profit after tax				218 256	173 159	279 178	

### 15 INFORMATION ABOUT OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Segment assets and liabilities

	SEGMENT ASSETS			SEGMENT LIABILITIES		
	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 Sept 2020 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 Sept 2020 R'000
Trade	1 691 181	1 553 449	1748810	937 946	694 701	1 233 115
Retail Fuel & Convenience Grain Services	1 189 341 102 036	1 010 502 95 838	1 214 656 96 842	208 607 39 883	173 234 47 945	194 875 41 692
Manufacturing	280 231	288 802	299 801	107 289	129 321	137 247
Total for reportable segments Corporate	3 262 789 207 981	2 948 591 201 968	3 360 109 150 101	1 293 725 197 222	1 045 201 182 422	1 606 929 190 771
Trade debtors	1 833 949	1 779 055	1719175	-	-	_
Investment in joint venture	33 755	42 004	41306	-	-	-
Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	1 068 819	1 646 576	830 039
Borrowings	-	-	-	350 000	-	418 750
Deferred taxation	-	_	2 772	115 195	77 897	100 271
	5 338 474	4 971 618	5 273 463	3 024 961	2 952 096	3 146 760

#### 16 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

In line with the Group's growth strategy to acquire businesses in the fuel sector, certain retail fuel operations and accompanying retail fuel properties were acquired. Goodwill on acquisition was paid on these businesses, which represents synergies within the Group and have further earnings potential.

The TFC acquisition strategy is cluster based, focusing on increasing scale in identified geographic locations. This geographic scale allows for enhanced synergistic benefits which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- > Alignment and improvement of supplier and service provider trading terms and service level agreements, both fuel and non-fuel related
- > Ability to convert fuel brand offering to preferred supply
- > Enhanced logistics, both fuel and non-fuel related
- > Ability to add or convert convenience store and quick-service restaurant offerings
- > Alignment of franchise trading terms
- > Utilisation of Group shared services, including information management, finance, human resources, property management and internal audit
- > Shared regional operational structures
- > Improved skills transfer and succession planning

Improved synergies contribute to either a lower cost per litre to serve or a higher cents per litre income, thus enhancing returns on invested capital.

A purchase price allocation ("PPA") as required by IFRS 3 – Business Combinations was provisionally performed and no intangible assets were identified, other than fuel site operating licences. The site licences are considered to be identifiable due to arising from contractual/legal rights, with an indefinite useful life. The site licence useful life is assessed to be indefinite as there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the assets are expected to generate net cash flows for the Group. The site licences do not require any renewals or renewal payments and the Group expects to continue selling fuel products indefinitely from the businesses acquired. The licences are grouped with the land that it relates to as one asset as these assets have similar useful lives, being indefinite. The Group assessed all intangible assets that can typically be expected in a business combination of this nature, the most relevant of which are trade names and customer relations. No trade name was recognised as there was no trade name acquired as part of these transactions. In addition, any payments made in relation to the brand are considered to be market related. No customer relations were recognised as the Group did not acquire any customer list, they are commercial sites offering products to clients that could be purchased anywhere.

The Group acquired the following assets through business combinations:

- > Caltex PE convenience February 2021
- > Total Atlas Road March 2021

### 16 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

The assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition can be summarised as follows:

		Total	Caltex PE
	Total R'000	Atlas Road R'000	Convenience R'000
Carrying value			
Assets			
Inventory	2 153	616	1 537
Moveable assets	536	193	343
Property*	32 000	32 000	-
Liabilities			
Deferred taxation	(8 848)	(8 848)	-
	25 841	23 961	1 880
Fair value			
Assets			
Inventory	2 153	616	1 537
Moveable assets	536	193	343
Property	31 600	31 600	-
Liabilities			
Deferred taxation	(8 848)	(8 848)	-
Goodwill	40 637	17 180	23 457
Purchase consideration	66 077	40 741	25 337
– paid in cash (current period)	29 236	6 400	22 837
- paid in cash (previous period)	36 841	34 341	2 500

The land, inclusive of the site licence, are valued using the Net Income Capitalised Approach.

The acquired businesses contributed as follows since acquisition to the Group's results:

	Total R'000	Total Atlas Road R'000	Caltex PE Convenience R'000
Revenue - since acquisition date - as if from the beginning of the year	27 597	8 298	19 299
	112 740	51 329	61 411
Net profit/(loss) before tax - since acquisition date - as if from the beginning of the year	1 114	313	801
	3 437	1 931	1 506

<sup>\*</sup> The property of Total Atlas Road was already purchased in the prior year and recognised as a purchase of property, but the corporate transaction was not yet complete. Thus the property is disclosed in the current year as part of the purchase, price allocation and the goodwill and deferred tax recognised for the year ending 30 September 2021, as the full corporate transaction was completed in the current year and the business combination concluded.

### 17 RECURRING HEADLINE EARNINGS

Kaap Agri considers recurring headline earnings to be a key benchmark to measure performance and to allow for meaningful year-on-year comparison.

These adjustments relate to non-recurring expenses which consist predominantly of costs associated with acquisitions of new businesses, and the revaluation of put options.

	Unaudited 31 March 2021 R'000	Unaudited 31 March 2020 R'000	Audited 30 September 2020 R'000
Headline earnings	217 954	172 893	277 109
Attributable to equity holders of the holding company Non-controlling interest	210 770 7 184	169 925 2 968	273 012 4 097
Non-recurring items	3 918	4 550	3 344
Non-recurring expenses	458	3 600	6 432
Remeasurement of put options	3 460	950	(3 088)
Recurring headline earnings	221 872	177 443	280 453
Attributable to equity holders of the holding company Non-controlling interest	214 551 7 321	174 012 3 431	275 810 4 643
Recurring headline earnings per share (cents)	305,34	247,65	392,52

### 18 GOING CONCERN

The Board will continue to monitor the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the company's operations and its financial position. The impact of COVID-19 has been limited to only certain areas of the business and, while concerning, has not materially impacted the Group results. The business has been able to partially mitigate lost income via a range of cost and working capital initiatives, thus ensuring a lower overall financial impact. Liquidity has remained within the various banking covenants and no relaxation of covenants or additional facilities have been required. Revenue has largely recovered and although footfall remains down, the business is performing in line with expectation. The balance sheet has remained strong throughout the various lockdown levels. Kaap Agri remains focused on disciplined cash management, specifically in the areas of working capital, capital expenditure and cost control. Management is comfortable to conclude that the business will continue as a going concern and is very satisfied with the results the Group has delivered during a very challenging period.

#### 19 RESTATEMENT OF COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

### Reclassification between operating expenses and cost of sales

Internal distribution costs incurred by the distribution centre, included under operating, administration, selling and distribution expenses instead of cost of sales in the prior year, have been reclassified to cost of sales to better reflect the nature of these expenses. The classification error had no impact on the profit for the prior year or on the costing of inventory as these costs were correctly included in the build up of inventory.

The effect on the income statement for March 2020 is set out below:

	Original balance R'000	Restatement R'000	Restated balance R'000
Effect on Statement of comprehensive income			
Cost of sales	(4 163 918)	(30 609)	(4 194 527)
Operating expenses	(494 671)	30 609	(464 062)
Profit before tax	241 046	_	241 046

#### 20 EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

In line with the Group's growth strategy, one of the Group subsidiaries, Partridge Building Supplies (Pty) Ltd, acquired a business trading as "Farmsave", an agricultural inputs and building materials supplier, operating in the central to Northern KwaZulu-Natal area. This acquisition increases our footprint in KwaZulu-Natal, in line with our footprint growth strategic initiative, and allows us a strong entry point into the new generation agri farmer sector in that area.

The purchase consideration of approximately R38 million is still to be paid. In terms of IFRS 3 – Business Combinations, the purchase price of the transaction will be allocated to tangible assets (mainly property, plant and equipment and other net assets) and the balance will be allocated to goodwill and, if applicable, to other intangible assets. At the date of the publication of the interim consolidated results, the acquisition date fair values of acquired net assets have not yet been determined.

### **Corporate information**

### **Kaap Agri Limited**

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa Registration number: 2011/113185/06 Income tax number: 9312717177

Share code: KAL

ISIN code: ZAE000244711

### **Directors**

GM Steyn (Chairman)\*#
S Walsh (CEO)
GW Sim (FD)
BS du Toit\*#
D du Toit\*#
JH le Roux\*
EA Messina\*#
WC Michaels\*#
CA Otto\*#
HM Smit\*#
I Chalumbira\*

- \* Non-executive
- # Independent

#### Transfer secretaries

Computershare Investor Services (Pty) Ltd Registration number: 2004/003647/07 Rosebank Towers, 15 Biermann Avenue Rosebank, Johannesburg, 2196 Private Bag X9000, Saxonwold, 2132 Fax number: 086 636 7200

### **Company Secretary**

KAL Corporate Services (Pty) Ltd Per T Rasiluma

### Registered address

1 Westhoven Street, Paarl, 7646 Suite 110, Private Bag X3041, Paarl, 7620 Telephone number: 021 860 3750 Fax number: 021 860 3314 Website: www.kaapagri.co.za

#### **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc.

### **Sponsor**

PSG Capital (Pty) Ltd Registration number: 2006/015817/07 1st Floor, Ou Kollege, 35 Kerk Street Stellenbosch, 7600 PO Box 7403, Stellenbosch, 7599

and

2nd Floor, Building 3, 11 Alice Lane Sandhurst, Sandton, 2196 PO Box 650957, Benmore, 2010

#### **Announcement date**

6 May 2021

### **KAAP AGRI**









